

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيمِ

## ALI 674: Quranic Arabic Level 2

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Jaffari Community Centre, Thornhill, ON

Session 16: Tuesday Feb 20, 2024

Jan 9 to Feb 7, 2024/27 Jumada II – 17 Sha'ban 1445 AH There is no class next Tuesday as we will be celebrating the wilādat of Hadrat 'Abbās (a)

#### Du'ā before the class

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمنِ الرَّحِيْمِ \* اللَّهُمَّ صَلَّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّآل مُحَمَّد.
اللهُمَّ وَقِقْنَا لِمَا تُحِبُّ وَتَرْضَى، وَلاَ تَكِلْنَا إِلَى اَنْفُسِنَا طَرْفَةَ عَيْنِ اَبَداً.
اللهُمَّ اشْرَحْ بِالْقُرْآنِ صَدْرِيْ، وَاسْتَعْمِلْ بِالْقُرْآنِ بَدَيِيْ، وَنَوِّرْ بِالْقُرْآنِ بَصَرِيْ،
وَاطْلِقْ بِالْقُرْآنِ لِسَانِيْ، وَاعِنِي عَلِيْهِ مَآ اَبْقَيْتَنِيْ، فَإِنَّهُ لاَ حَوْلَ وَلاَ قُوَّةَ الاَّ بِك.

Bismillāh. Salawāt. O Allah, grant us success in (doing) that which You love and are pleased with. And never leave us to ourselves for the blink of an eye. O Allah, widen my chest through the Quran, Let my body follow the Quran, Enlighten my eyes through the Quran, Let my tongue speak according to the Quran, And help me to stay on it so long as You let me live, For surely there is no power nor strength except with You. The last two lines are said after Quran tilāwah, taught by Amirul Mu'minīn Imam Ali (a).

## Status of those who study the Quran

عَنْ أَبِي عَبْدِ اللّهِ عَ قَالَ: مَنِ اسْتَمَعَ حَرْفاً مِنْ كِتَابِ اللّهِ عَنَّ وَ جَلَّ مِنْ غَيْرِ صَوْتٍ كَتَبَ اللّهُ لَهُ بِكُلِّ لَهُ حَسَنَةً وَ مَعْ عَنْهُ سَيِّئَةً وَ رَفَعَ لَهُ دَرَجَةً وَ مَنْ قَرَأَ نَظَراً مِنْ غَيْرِ صَوْتٍ كَتَبَ اللّهُ لَهُ بِكُلِّ حَرْفٍ حَسَنَةً وَ مَحْا عَنْهُ سَيِّئَةً وَ رَفَعَ لَهُ دَرَجَةً وَ مَنْ تَعَلَّمَ مِنْهُ حَرْفاً ظَاهِراً كَتَبَ اللّهُ لَهُ عَشْرَ حَرْفٍ حَسَنَاتٍ وَ مَحَا عَنْهُ عَشْرَ سَيِّئَاتٍ وَ رَفَعَ لَهُ عَشْرَ دَرَجَاتٍ قَالَ لَا أَقُولُ بِكُلِّ آيَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ حَسَنَاتٍ وَ مَحَا عَنْهُ عَشْرَ سَيِّئَاتٍ وَ رَفَعَ لَهُ عَشْرَ دَرَجَاتٍ قَالَ لَا أَقُولُ بِكُلِّ آيَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ حَسَنَاتٍ وَ مَحْا عَنْهُ عَشْرَ سَيْئَاتٍ وَ رَفَعَ لَهُ عَشْرَ دَرَجَاتٍ قَالَ لَا أَقُولُ بِكُلِّ آيَةٍ وَ لَكِنْ عَشْرَ سَيْئَاتٍ وَ مَوْ بَاءٍ أَوْ شِبْهِهِمَا

From Abū 'Abdillāh ﷺ: If one listens to the recitation of a letter from the book of Allah, the Almighty Majestic, without reading, Allah writes for him the reward for one good deed, deletes one of his evil deeds and raises for him one degree. If one reads by looking at it but without audible voice Allah writes for him the reward for one good deed for each letter, deletes one of his evil deeds and raises him one degree. If one learns one clear letter, Allah writes for him the reward for ten good deeds, deletes his ten evil deeds and raises him ten degrees. The Imam said, (note that) I do not say, for every verse but for every letter ba, ta, and similar letters

### Quiz 1 on the Word List 1

QUIZ: Thank you for submitting answers to the Quiz. We sent our comments to all those who answered the Quiz. Please enrich your Quranic vocabulary for you to enjoy your Tilāwah during Ramadan.

1، اَلاَّخِرُ 
$$2$$
. أَمْرٌ  $3$ . أَمْرُ أَبْرُ أَنْرُ أَنْرُ أَمْرُ أَمْر

Answers: 1. Last, 2. matter, thing, order, 3. rewards, 4. believer (f), 5. mankind, man, 6. verses, signs, messages, 7. clear, plain, obvious, 8 daughters, 9. some, 10. far

2. Write the plural of the following words in transliteration:

Answers: 1. mu'minoon (مُؤْمِنُوْنَ), abnaa' (بَنُوْنَ), abnaa' (أُبُنَاء) 3. aabaaun (عَاخَرُوْنَ), 4. umurun (أُمُوْرٌ), 5. aakharoon (عَاخَرُوْنَ).

#### Sound Feminine Dual and Plural Nouns

adjectives and to things as well. It is formed by replacing the feminine marker is (taa marbuta) at the end with in. The letter in here will take dammah, in the nominative case when the noun or adjective is definite, and double damma when it is indefinite. In the accusative and genitive cases, the letter in will take kasrah when definite, & double when indefinite. See Q 2:221

وَلَا تَنكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكَاتِ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنَ ۽ وَلَأَمَةُ مُّؤْمِنَةُ خَيْرٌ مِّن مُّشْرِكَة وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَتُكُمْ الْوَلَا تُنكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُوا ۽ وَلَعَبْدُ مُّؤْمِنَ خَيْرٌ مِّن مُّشْرِكِ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمْ الْوَلَئِكَ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ اللهُ الْمُشْرِكِينَ حَتَّىٰ يُؤْمِنُوا ۽ وَلَعَبْدُ مُّؤْمِنُ خَيْرٌ مِّن مُّشْرِكِ وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمْ الْوَلِيكَ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ اللهُ يَدْعُو إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ وَالْمَعْفِرَةِ بِإِذْ نِهِ الْمَاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ وَاللّهُ يَدْعُو إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ وَالْمَعْفِرَةِ بِإِذْ نِهِ الْمَاسِ لَعَلّهُمْ يَتَذَكّرُونَ

Identify sound plurals in the above verse. Also, reflect on the Divine message contained in this verse.

## Sound duals & plurals of *mu'min* (مُؤْمِنٌ) – a believer

Plural - جمع	- Dual مثنّی	Singular مفرد ـ	case	gender
مُؤْمِ <mark>نُوْنَ</mark>	مُؤْمِ <mark>نَان</mark> ِ	مُؤْمِ <mark>ب</mark> ُ	nominative	مُذَكّر
مُؤْمِنِينَ	م مُؤمِن <mark>ين</mark>	مُؤْمِنًا	accusative	
<u> </u>	<del>```</del>	مُؤْمِ <mark>ن</mark> ٍ	genitive	
مُؤْمِ <mark>نَاتٌ</mark>	مُؤْمِ <mark>نَتَان</mark> ِ	مُؤْمِنَةٌ	nominative	مُؤَنَّث
مُؤْمِ <mark>نَاتٍ</mark>	مُؤْمِنتيْن	مُؤْمِنَةً	accusative	
		مُؤْمِن <mark>ة</mark> ٍ	genitive	

# Sound duals & plurals of kāfir (كَافِرٌ) – a disbeliever

Plural - جمع	- Dual مثنّی	Singular مفرد ـ	case	gender
كَافِرُوْنَ	كافِرَانِ	كَافِرْ	nominative	مُذَكَّر
كَافِرِيْنَ	كافِرَيْنِ	كافِراً	accusative	
		كافِرٍ	genitive	
كافِرَاتٌ	كَافِرَتَانِ	كافِرَةٌ	nominative	مُؤَنَّث
كَافِرَاتٍ	كَافِرَتَيْنِ	كَافِرَةً	accusative	
		كَافِرَةٍ	genitive	

# جَمْعُ الْمُكَسَّرِ :Lesson 15: Broken Plurals

Broken plurals are formed by a change of vowel pattern from the singular to plural. Words with broken plurals are like *mouse/mice* and *foot/feet* in English. Most of Arabic nouns and a fair number of adjectives have broken plurals. There are many forms of broken plurals.

Broken plurals are treated grammatically as feminine plurals, unless they refer to male persons.

Plural	Singular	Plural	Singular
أَقْوَامْ	قَوْمٌ – community	عِبَادٌ	servant – عُبْدُ
مَنَافِعْ	مُنْفَعَةً –benefit	ڤُرُوْنُ	قَرْنٌ – century
سِنُونَ	wear – سَنَةٌ	فَوَاكِهَةٌ	فَاكِهَةٌ –fruit
ثِيَابٌ	shirt, – ثَوْبٌ top dress	رِجَالٌ	man – رُجُلٌ
ٲۜؾۜٳۿ	يَوْمٌ — day	قُرِّی	قَرِيَةٌ town, locality

### Broken plurals in verses; write their singulars

Quranic verses 3:44, 5:45, 7:179, 7:195, 8:28, 12:39, 20:105, 33:6, 49:13, 53:32 دُ-كُمْ فِتْنَةٌ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عِندَهُ أَ

# Lesson No 16: Body parts in the Quran

Bismillāh. verses mentioning body parts in the left column on p. 50 of the Text وَمِنْ أَصْوَافِهَا وَأُوْبَارِهَا وَأَشْعَارِهَا أَثَاثًا وَمَتَاعًا إِلَىٰ حِينِ 16:80 وَلِسَانًا وَشَفَتَيْنِ 90:9 قُلْ إِن تُخْفُوا مَا فِي صُدُورَكُمْ أَوْ تُبْدُوهُ يَعْلَمْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَالَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ قَوَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ 3:29 يَخْرُجُ مِن بَيْنِ الصُّلْبِ وَالتَّرَائِبِ 86:7 وَاغْضُضْ مِن صَوْتِكَ ، إِنَّ أَنكُرَ الْأَصْوَاتِ لَصَوْتُ الْحَمِيرِ 31:19 وَأَنْعَامٌ حُرِّمَتْ ظُهُورُهَا وَأَنْعَامٌ لَّا يَذْكُرُونَ اسْمَ اللهِ عَلَيْهَا 6:138 وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلًا وَنُسِيَ خَلْقَهُ اللهِ عَلَيْهَا 6:138 وَهِيَ رَمِيمٌ 36:78 وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِن قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ ۚ أَفَإِن مَّاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ انقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ ۚ وَمَن يَنقَلِبْ عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيْهِ فَلَن يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ شَيْعًا ﴿ 3:144 إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا فِي أَعْنَاقِهِمْ أَغْلَالًا فَهِيَ إِلَى الْأَذْقَانِ فَهُم مُّقْمَحُونَ 36:8 تَرَىٰ أَعْيُنَهُمْ تَفِيضٌ مِنَ الدَّمْع مِمَّا عَرَفُوا مِنَ الْحَقِيدِ 5:83 وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ لِلْكَلُّمْ تَشْكُرُونَ 78:68

#### Names of Quranic surahs

Bismillāh. A sūrah (pl. suwar) is a chapter of the Quran containing a group of verses that begin with a sentence bismillāhir-Rahmānir-Rahīm. In Arabic this verse is known as a basmalah. All sūrahs begin with basmalah, except sūrah number 9. There are 114 sūrahs/suwar in the Quran. Although, sūrah 9 does not have the basmalah, there are still 114 bamalahs in the Quran, because al-Naml has two basmalahs (at the beginning and in verse 27:30). All these basmalahs are in integral parts of the Quran and were present at the time of the Prophet (s).

All sūrahs have specific name or names, which serve as a sort of heading. *The names of are derived from*: 1) the position (e.g., al-Fatihah – the Opening), 2) the words in the 1<sup>st</sup> verse (al-Falaq (# 113) and al-Nās (#114), 3) letters in the Hurūf al-Muqattiʻāt (e.g., TāHā (#20), YāSīn (#36) and (4) an important or distinguishing word in the sūra itself, such as al-Hamd (#1) al-Baqarah (#2), al-Mā'idah (#5), al-Anfāl (# 8).

Now let us look at the Arabic rules that apply to the names of the Quranic sūrahs.

### HW: Identify broken plurals and write their singulars

Quranic verses 2:184, 11:102, 3:181, 13:28, 16:118, 20:51

أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ وَفَمَن كَانَ مِنكُم مَّرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرِ فَعِدَّةٌ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ وَ وَكَذُلِكَ أَخْذُ رَبِّكَ إِذَا أَخَذَ الْقُرَىٰ وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةٌ ۚ إِنَّ أَخْذَهُ أَلِيمٌ شَدِيدٌ 11:102 لَّقَدْ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَنَحْنُ أَغْنِيَاهُ ٥ أَلَا بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ تَطْمَئِنُّ الْقُلُوبُ 13:28 وَمَا ظُلَمْنَاهُمْ وَلُكِن كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ 16:118 قَالَ فَمَا بَالُ الْقُرُونِ الْأُولِي 20:51

## HW: Identify broken plurals & write their singulars

Bismillāh. Quranic verses 21:11, 23:19, 23:21, 25:63, 33:67, 81:7 وَكُمْ قَصَمْنَا مِن قَرْيَةٍ كَانَتْ ظَالِمَةً وَأَنشَأْنَا بَعْدَهَا قَوْمًا آخَرِينَ 11:12 فَأَنشَأْنَا لَكُم بِهِ جَنَّاتٍ مِّن نَّخِيلٍ وَأَعْنَابٍ لَّكُمْ فِيهَا فَوَاكِهُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ 23:19 وَإِنَّ لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمِنْهَا وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمِنْهَا وَإِنَّ لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ كَثِيرَةٌ وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ 23:21

وَعِبَادُ الرَّحْمُنِ الَّذِينَ يَمْشُونَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ هَوْنًا وَإِذَا خَاطَبَهُمُ الْجَاهِلُونَ قَالُوا سَلَامًا 25:63

وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا إِنَّا أَطَعْنَا سَادَتَنَا وَكُبَرَاءَنَا فَأَضَلُّونَا السَّبِيلَا 33:67 وَإِذَا النَّفُوسُ زُوِّجَتْ 81:7

# Do Quran Tilāwah regularly

قَالَ النَّبِي (ص): نَوِّرُوا بُيُوْتَكُمْ بِتِلاَوَةِ القُرْآنِ وَلاَ تَتَّخِذُوْهَا قُبُوْرًا كَمَا فَعَلَتِ اليَهُوْدُ وَالنَّصَارى صَلُّوْا فِيْ الكَنائِس وَالِبيْعَ وَعَطِلُوْا بُيُوْتَهُمْ فَعَلَتِ اليَهُوْدُ وَالنَّصَارى صَلُّوْا فِيْ الكَنائِس وَالِبيْعَ وَعَطِلُوْا بُيُوْتَهُمْ فَا فَعَلَتِ اليَهُوْدُ وَالنَّصَارى صَلُّوا فِيْ الكَنائِس وَالِبيْعَ وَعَطِلُوْا بُيُوْتُهُمْ فَا فَعَلَمُ فَإِنَّ البَيْتَ إِذَا كَثُرَ فِيْهِ تِلاَوَةَ القُرآن كَثُرَ خَيْرَهُ وَاتَّسَعَ أَهْلَهُ وَانَّسَعَ أَهْلَهُ وَاضَاءَ لأهلِ السَّمآءِ كَمَا تُضِيءَ نَجُوْمُ السَّمآءَ لأهلِ الدُّنْيَا وَأَضَاءَ لأهلِ السَّمآءِ كَمَا تُضِيءَ نَجُوْمُ السَّمآءَ لأهلِ الدُّنْيَا

The Prophet (s): Illuminate your houses through recitation of the Quran and do not make them into graves - similarly to what the Jews and the Christians did. They prayed in the churches and the synagogues but abandoned their houses. For the house in which a lot of the Quran is recited, will have abundant of goodness, and (the sustenance of) its inhabitants will be expanded. (Such a house) will shine for the inhabitants of the sky just as the stars shine for the inhabitants of the earth (hadith.academyofislam.com; from Al-Kāfī, v 2, chp 6, h 37).

### Textbooks for the course

Ali Quli Qarai	Hafiza Iffath Hasan		Dr Mustafa Khattab
The Qur'an: with a	Qur'anic Language	Access to	The Clear
phrase-by-phrase	Made Easy	Qur'anic Arabic	Quran
English translation			Dictionary







