

ALI 503: Preparation for Arba'ın Ziyarat 1441

This 75 minutes webinar followed by Q & A session will cover the Significance and Etiquette of Ziyārats of Shuhadā in Iraq. The interactive session will also discuss essential rules of saying prayers on airplane, performing and renewing wudhu using spray bottle, and where to say shortened (qasr) and complete prayers in Iraq. Time permitting, we may also discuss the significance of ziyārats places in the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Muharram 28, 1441/ September 28, 2019

ALI 503: Prep for Arabeen Ziyarat 1441

1

Hadīth on performing ziyārat of Arba'īn

From reliable books of Hadiths it has come from Imam Hasan al-'Askarī *alayhis salaam* that the signs of a believer:

رُوِيَ عَنْ أَبِي مُحَمَّدِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيّ الْعَسْكَرِيّ (ع) أَنَّهُ قَالَ: عَلَامَاتُ الْمُؤْمِنِ خَمْسُ صَلَاةُ الْإِحْدَى وَالْخَمْسِينَ وَزِيَارَةُ الْأَرْبَعِينَ وَالتَّخَتُّمُ فِي الْيَمِينِ وَتَعْفِيرُ الْجَبِينِ وَالْجَهْرُ/ صَلَلَةُ الْإِحْدَى وَالْخَمْنِ النَّهِ الرّحِيم (كتاب المزار - مناسك المزار (للمفيد)، النص، ص: 54)

Imam Hasan al-'Askari (a) said, "Signs of a believe are five (1) saying 51 rakaats of prayers (daily), (2) Ziyārat of Arba'in, (3) wearing a ring on your right hand, (4) putting your forehead (in sajda) on clay, and (5) saying *Bismiallahir-Rahmanir-Rahim* with raised voice. (Ref: *Kitab al-Mazar*, p. 54; also appears in *Mafatīhul Jinan* of Sh. 'Abbas Qummi).

Arba'in is one of the five occasions

Arba'īn is one of the five occasions on which visiting Imam al-Husayn (a) is highly recommended. Other occasions are on: (2) The Day of 'Ashura, (3) Middle of Sha'ban, (4) The Day of 'Arafah and (5) Middle of Rajab

Ibn Abī Nasr asked Abul Hasan al-Ridhā (a): in which month should we visit [and perform the ziyārah of] Imam al-Husayn (a)? He said in the middle of Rajab and in the middle of Sha'bān. (Tahdhīb 6:48; Misbāh 2:807)

Abū Hamza al-Thumālī has narrated: I heard Ali bin al-Husayn (a) saying: Whoever wishes to shake hands with one hundred and twenty-four thousand Prophets, then let him visit al-Husayn (a) on the 15th Night of Sha'bān. Surely the angels and the souls of the Prophets seek permission of Allah to visit him [on this night], and they are granted the permission. Fortunate is he who shakes hands with them, and they shake hands with him. From them are the five Ulul 'Azm Prophets: Nūh, Ibrāhīm, Mūsā, Īsā, and Muhammad, blessings of Allah be on him and on all of them." I asked: why have they been named Ulul 'Azm? He replied, "because they were sent to [inhabitants of] the East and the West of the (earth) and to the Jinn and the humans." (Iqbāl 710; Bihār 11:58)

Another Hadith on five qualities of a believer

عَنْ طَاوُسِ بْنِ الْيَمَانِ قَالَ: سَمِعْتُ عَلِيَّ بْنَ الْخُسَيْنِ عِ يَقُولُ عَلَامَاتُ الْمُؤْمِنِ خَمْسُ عَلَى قُلْتُ وَمَا هُنَّ يَا ابْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ قَالَ الْوَرَعُ فِي الْخَلْوَةِ وَالصَّدَقَةُ فِي الْقِلَّةِ وَالصَّبْرُ عِنْدَ الْمُصِيبَةِ قُلْتُ وَمَا هُنَّ يَا ابْنَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ قَالَ الْوَرَعُ فِي الْخَلُوةِ وَالصَّدَقَةُ فِي الْقِلَّةِ وَالصَّبْرُ عِنْدَ الْمُصِيبَةِ وَالْحَدِينَ وَالْصِدَقُ عِنْدَ الْخُوْفِ. (الحصال، ج1، ص: 269)

Tāwūs bin al-Mayan says that he heard Ali bin al-Husayn saying: qualities of a believer are five. So I asked which are those: He (a) said: 1) piety in privacy, (2) giving charity despite having little, (3) patience at the time of difficulty, (4) forbearance at the time of anger, and (5) (saying) truth at the time of fear (Shaykh al-Sadiq, al-Khisal, v. 1, p. 269).

ALI 503: Prep for Arabeen Ziyarat 1441

Significance of Imam Husayn's ziyārat

Tmam Ja'far al-Sādiq ('alayhis salām): One who thinks he is a Shia but does not perform the Ziyārat of Imam Husayn ('alayhis salām) before his death, is not our Shia and even if he is of those who enter Paradise, he will be treated as a visitor of the folks of Paradise. [Kamiluz Ziyaraat, Ch. 78, H. 3, p. 178]

Imam Ja'far al-Sādiq ('alayhis salām): Perform the Ziyārat of Karbala and don't omit it, for indeed the best of the sons of the prophets is buried in it. Indeed the angels went to the Ziyārat of Karbala a thousand years before my grandfather, Imam Husayn ('alayhis salām) dwelled in it and not a night passes in which Jibra'īl and Mikā'īl do not go to his Ziyārat. O Yahyā! Strive hard to go to that land. [Kamiluz Ziyaraat, Ch. 88, H. 9, p. 290]

Angel Jibra'il ('alayhis salām) said to Holy Prophet (sallallāhu 'alayhi wa-ālihi wa-sallam): "...A hundred thousand angels from every sky will descend and surround him (grave of Imam Husayn (a) everyday and every night. They will invoke blessings on him, circulate his grave, sanctify Allāh near his grave and seek forgiveness for those who come to his Ziyārat and record the names of those from among your Ummah who seek nearness to the Almighty Allāh and to you, by going to his Ziyārat. [Kamiluz Ziyaraat, Ch. 88, p. 285]

وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرِ يَعْلَمْهُ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُوا فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ الزَّادِ التَّقْوَى وَاتَّقُونِي يَا أُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ

- Q2:197 And whatever good you do, Allah knows it. And take provision [for Hajj], for indeed the best provision is taqwā. So be wary of Me, O you who people of understanding!
- 'Allāmah Tabātabā'ī: it is a reminder that one's actions are not hidden from Allah; it calls one to piety and fear of Allah, so that one's acts of worship might not be devoid of the spirit of devotion; so that one might not go through the external rites or worship with one's mind absent and one's heart forgetful (Al-Mīzān, v.3, p.115).

Say Tahajjud & Nāfila of maghribayn on your trip

وَالَّذِينَ يَبِيتُونَ لِرَبِّهِمْ سُجَّدًا وَقِيَامًا

Those who spend the night for their Lord prostrating and standing. (Q 25:64)

- 1) people who have made it a habit and a way of life to spend their nights for their Lord. Use of the verb *yabītūna* (they *always* spend their nights).
- 2) connect this with the sacred Hadith in which Allah informs Prophet Mūsā (a) that a true lover is not heedless of God, by sleeping the entire night, we realize that they are true lovers. The phrase lirabbihim also reveals that they dedicate their night for their Lord.
- <u>3)</u> their habit of being awake at night for prayer and worship shows their Divine training (*al-tarbiyah al-ilāhiyyah*). This is because the Divine Name Rabb signifies the meaning of training (*al-tarbiyah*).
- A) night is spent in prayer and worship. The phrase "sujjadan wa qiyāman" alludes to this reality. The Holy Prophet (s) and his Ahlul Bayt (a) have taught us specific prayers of the night that would enable them to attain high levels of perfection. Such prayers are known as nawāfil al-layl, which perfect the obligatory prayers. The Holy Quran sates that one who observes such prayers can potentially soar to the station of praise (maqāman mahmūdan), which in our holy narrations have been interpreted to mean 'the station of intercession' (maqām al-shafā'ah). See Q 17: 79.

Tahajjud Salat app for iPhone and Android

The **Academy for Learning Islam** has published 235 pages detailed booklet on *Tahajjud Salat* which can assist mu'minīn who go for Hajj, 'Umrah and Ziyārat. They go early to the Haram to get a good spot for prayers. They have lot of time before fajr prayers. The Du'ās, tasbihs and istighfār contained in this book are highly beneficial. You can either get a printed copy for yourself or download an app on your mobile.

My minīn using iPhone can download from:

https://itunes.apple.com/ca/app/tahajjud-salat/id479793001?mt=8

Mu'minīn with Android device can download from:

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=com.ecnetsolutions.tahajjudsalat

Reflections before departing for ziyārat

- ⁹ Knowledge (ma'rifat) about the holy souls
- Read ziyārat translations with understanding
- What if we were to visit them during their lifetime? How different would we behave?
- Total humility & reverence when nearing
- Renewal of the pledges to the Imams (a)
- How can I change on account of my trip?

Ensure that we do not delay or miss our salāt

On account of being a traveler and lacking good facilities, many pilgrims delay their daily prayers or sometimes even miss them. Avoid this totally.

أَبُوا عَبْدِ اللهِ ع: حَجَّةُ أَفْضَلُ مِنَ اللَّانيَا وَمَا فِيهَا وَصَلَاقُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَبْدِ اللهِ عَ خَجَّةً أَفْضَلُ مِنْ أَلْفِ حَجَّةٍ فَرِيضَةٌ أَفْضَلُ مِنْ أَلْفِ حَجَّةٍ

Imam al-Sādiq (a): Performing one Hajj is better than the world and whatever is in it, and saying obligatory prayers is better than one thousand (mustahab) Hajj.

Tahdhib al-Ahkam, 2:240, H.953; Wasā'il H. 4460)

From Āyatullāh Sistani's message - 1

It is one of the essentials of this ziyārat that the pilgrim, in addition to remembering Imam Husayn's sacrifices and devotion in the way of Allah, the Exalted, observes the teachings of Islam including those relating to (1) prayer, (2) hijab, (3) self-reform, (A) selflessness and (5) moral etiquette etc. so that his pilgrimage may be a step towards developing and training the soul for accepting these and consolidating their effects until the next pilgrimage.

Āyatullāh Sistani (dz) on salat

Fear Allah in relation to your prayers. As stated in the Hadith, it is the pillar of your religion and the ascension of the believer, if it is accepted, all other acts will be accepted and if it is rejected, all other acts of worship will also be rejected. It is befitting for believers to offer their prayers on time because Allah loves those who rush to prayer as soon as they hear the call for it.

From Āyatullāh Sistani's message - 2

It is not appropriate for a believer to engage in any other acts of worship in the prime for prayer because prayer is the best form of obedience to Allah. It has been narrated from the Ahlul-Bayt, peace be upon them, that they said: Our intercession (with Allah) will not be won/by that person who depreciates or undervalues the prayer. We must know that if we act as per their advice, it is hoped that we shall be resurrected along with their friends. Because it has been reported that Imam Ali (a) said in the Battle of Jamal: Today we are accompanied by these who are still in the loins of their fathers and uteruses of their mothers. Read the entire message from Āyatullāh Sayyid Ali Sistani (dz) at:

https://marefatmagazine.wordpress.com/2016/10/31/must-read-message-of-grand-ayatollah-sistani-for-people-going-to-karbala-for-arabeen/

One of the main purpose of ziyārat

عَنِ الْحَسَنِ بْنِ عَلِيّ الْوَشَّاءِ قَالَ سَمِعْتُ الرِّضَاعِ يَقُولُ إِنَّ لِكُلِّ إِمَامٍ عَهْداً فِي عُنُقِ أَوْلِيَائِهِ وَ شِيعَتِهِ وَ إِنَّ مِنْ تَمَامِ الْوَفَاءِ بِالْعَهْدِ وَ حُسْنِ الْأَدَاءِ زِيَارَةَ قُبُورِهِمْ فَمَنْ زَارَهُمْ رَغْبَةً فِي زِيَارَهِمْ وَ تَصْدِيقاً بِمَا رَغِبُوا فِيهِ كَانَ أَئِمَّتُهُمْ شُفَعَاءَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ.

Hasan b. Ali al-Washhaa reports that he heard Imam al-Ridhā (a) saying: For every Imam there is a covenant on the neck of his friends and followers (shi'ahs); the best and complete way to fulfilling this covenant is to visit their graves. One who goes there with a sincere desire of visiting them and with conviction, then their Imams will intercede on their behalf on the Day of Resurrection (*Al-Kāfi*, v. 4, p.

ALI 503: Prep for Arabeen Ziyarat 1441

Etiquette of ziyārat

- From the *Mafatīhul* in section on Ziyārat the 1st part is ādāb al-Safar
 - If possible travel on select days. Better to travel on Sat, Tue & Thu; avoid Mon, Wed & Fri before zuhr.
 - Fast for 3 days: Wed, Thu & Friday
 - إِنَّ أَبِيْ . . . اشترى السلامةَ مِنَ اللهِ عَزَّ وجَلَّ بما تَيَسَّرَ/
 - Say some of recommended Du'ās
 - مِنْ فِقْهِ الْمُسَافِرْ حِفْظُ نَفَقَتِهِ

Rights of fellow pilgrims (zawwār)

- Al-Bāqir (a): It does not matter if one visits this House if he does not possess three traits: Cautiousness which prevents him from sinning; forbearance which helps him rule over his anger; and good interaction with those who are with him.
- Imam al-Sadiq (a): You should be a good companion to those who accompany you, speak less and say only that which is good, mention Allah increasingly, wear purified clothes, perfume, Ghusl before going to holy places, be humble, establish a lot of prayers, say salawāt, help needy ones, not look at (what is forbidden)
- Imam al-Kazim (a): whoever prays for his brothers (in belief) in his absence, is called from the Throne, (O Servant of Allah) you will have one hundred thousand times as much reward as one may receive for his prayer

Wudhu made simple

Use of spray bottles for wudhu

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7q4pWFseBMk

- Can carry on board (under 100 ml) & in your purse or pocket
- Ensure that you spray enough water
- Wasking should be different from wiping
- Use bathrooms for wudhu or spray bottles when travelling by plane, trains or coaches
- Renew your wudhu using spray bottle whilst in the Haram if you would like to keep your spot
- Ladies to ensure that not to expose hands & feet

ALI 503: Prep for Arabeen Ziyarat 1441

Saying salāt on board - 1

- If you are scheduled to arrive at your destination early enough to go through security, perform wudhu, determine Qibla and find a suitable place to say your prayers then you are allowed to say your prayers at the destination, provided they do net get qadhā. Otherwise, you need to say your prayers on board.
- ■1.Say Qasr salāt on board, except if you are a frequent traveler (kathīrus safar).
- **2.**When traveling, it is advisable to maintain the *tahārah* (ritual purity) of your body and clothes till at least prayer time. For those who can retain their wudhu for longer time, it is advisable to perform the wudhu with the niyyat of *qurbatan ilallāh* (seeking nearness to God) before departing.

Saying salāt on board – 2

19

3. Ensure that the prayer time has begun before



you say prayers. Use of app **halaltrip** is helpful in finding prayer times when flying. Or have info on local sunrise and sunset timings while you are traveling then it is helpful in determining prayer timings.

■4. Face completely towards qibla direction when saying takbīratul ihrām (i.e. the saying of first Allahu akbar after the niyyat). Use of app from www.halaltrip.com is helpful in determining qibla direction on board. Alternatively, you can use TV screens in the airplane or ask member of the crew about the direction to Makkah. Do not be concerned about the change in direction of the airplane when you are saying your prayers. Of course, you will again determine qibla direction when you begin the next prayer, such as 'asr after zuhr and 'ishā after maghrib prayer.

Saying salāt on board - 3

Where possible observe all qiyām (standing), rukū (bowing), sajda (prostrating) and qu'ud (sitting) positions required in salāt. This can be done in the exit rows or in designated prayer places on some Muslim flights (e.g. Iran Air, Saudi Airline). Otherwise, after rising and facing towards Qibla during takbīratul ihrām, say your prayers on the assigned seats. Use gestures ('ishāra) to determine the four position in salāt, such as sitting straight in lieu of qiyam, slight tilting for qu'ud, bending for ruku, further bending for sajad. (Note: scholars differ on whether one should say the prayers in the aisles, washrooms, and serving corners/sections of the plane or confine to saying prayers in the designated seats. You may check with a local scholar and decide accordingly. It is essential that a Muslim does not face unnecessary harassments or profiling by airline crew or security officials. Saying prayer is personal devotion between the Almighty Lord and a humble servant.)

Rulings from Islamic Laws, 3rd Ed.

►#1341- A traveler can perform *tamaam* prayers in the entire ci

of Mecca, Medina, and Kūfa, and in the shrine (haram) of

His Eminence al-Sayyid al-Shuhada [Imam al-Husayn] ('A) up to a distance of approximately 11.5 meters from the sacred grave [i.e. the area known as the *haa'ir*].

ISLAMIC

#1352 – If a traveler who has not performed prayers arrives at his home town before the time of the prayer has expired, or he arrives at a place where he wants to stay for 10 days, he must perform tamam prayers. And if you did not perform prayer at Awwal time and then you began you trip, in that case you will say qasr prayers on your trip.

Praying full in Iraq

- 1) Haram of Imam al-Husayn in the Haa'ir
 - ■2) Masjid Kūfa, rather the entire city of Kūfa
 - One prayer is equal to 1000 prayers
 - ■1 wājib prayer = 1hajj with the Prophet; 1 mustahab prayer = umrah with the Holy Prophet (s).
 - If people were to know its merits, they would come to it crawling (6I)
 - Special prayer of Hajaat in the middle of it
 - → 1000 prophets & 1000 awsiyaa have prayed in it
 - ■It will be the venue of payer for Imam Mahdi
 - 3) Masjid Sahla considered as part of new Kūfa

Walking from Najaf to Karbala - 1

- A few advices for those planning to walk this year:
- 1. Know the background to walking and whether it is part of ādāb of the ziyārat of Arba'īn or not?
- 2. Traveling light during walks. Either live on limited means in Karbala or send your luggage with someone going by car
- 3. Don't be concerned about having delicious food & snacks during your walk. Its disturbing to see WhatsApp messages saying where one can get certain types of food on the way.
- 4. Drink a lot of fluid the best drink is water
- 5. Essentials include: under clothes to remain tāhir and fresh, tissue paper, medicines, cell battery charger, minimum toiletries, sticking hooks if you are alone, etc.

Walking from Najaf to Karbala - 2

- 6. Helpful to *mawakib* (sing. *mawkib*) by offering service or finance. Donations to be given discreetly as some get offended.
- 7. Do a lot of dhikr on the way. The five common dhikr are: tasbihat arba', salawāt, istighfār, law hawla wala, & tasbīh of Nabi Yunus (a)
- 8. Recall the great sacrifice of Imam al-Husayn (a), his family and his companion.
- 9. Remember heart rendering atrocities and difficulties faced by the shuhada and their families in Karbala & thereafter. You can take MP3 files to listen to them on your way
- 10. See how can this walk change you for good.
- 11. Consider sponsoring relatives, friends & needy for ziyārat, especially youths for many have changed on account of these trips.

References and additional material

- Holy places in Iraq & their history: http://www.al-islam.org
 - Significance of ziyārat: www.al-islam.org/revolution/2.htm
 - ■Ziyārat manuals with translation: http://www.asserattours.com
 - https://www.academyofislam.com/ali-374/
 - http://www.duas.org/walkoffree.htm
 - & http://www.duas.org/ziaratiraq.htm
 - http://kerbela.info/en/xeber/340-najaf-to-karbala-walking-guide
 - https://www.tripadvisor.ca/ShowTopic-g659513-i22324-

k11695102-Arbaeen 2018 and Walk-

Karbala All Karbala ziy Ptovince. html