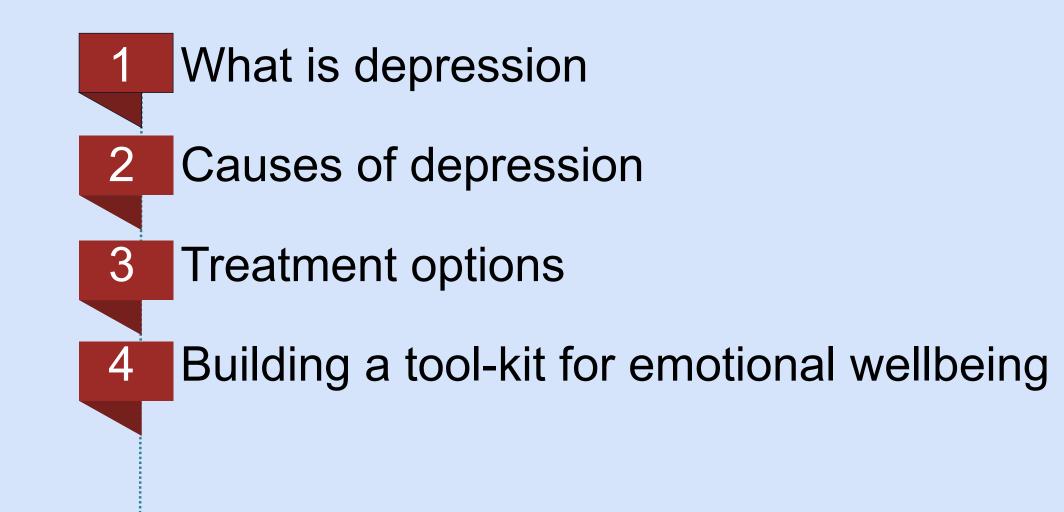
UNDERSTANDING AND COPING WITH DEPRESSION

MADCH 21 2010

AGENDA



PART ONE

WHAT IS DEPRESSION

WHAT IS DEPRESSION?

- A mental illness whose symptoms are feelings of severe sadness, despondency and dejection. It can decrease a person's ability to function at work and at home.
- It is a common and serious medical illness that negatively affects how you feel, the way you think and how you act.

TYPES OF DEPRESSION?

- Major Depressive Disorder
- "Seasonal Depression"
- Postpartum Depression
- Bereavement

WHAT IS DEPRESSION?

- The most common form is major depressive disorder.
- A fairly lengthy period of time (at least two weeks) during which a person feels sad or hopeless or lacks focus in life, on a daily or almost daily basis, for the most part of each day. Many other symptoms which affect emotional, social, professional and iother significant areas of life

How common?

• About 1 in 10 Canadians will experience an episode of major depressive disorder during their lifetime

Emotional symptoms Feelings Sad, overwhelmed Guilty, irritable frustrated lacking in confidence, unhappy Indecisive, disappointed Miserable

Physical

tired all the time sick and run down headaches and muscle pains churning gut sleep problems loss or change of appetite significant weight loss or gain

Behaviour not going out anymore not getting things done at work/school withdrawing from close family and friends relying on sedatives or drugs not doing usual enjoyable activities unable to concentrate

Cognitive Symptoms

- "I just can't make up my mind...I can't make decisions."
- "I'm finding it really hard to concentrate."
- "I feel like I keep forgetting things."
- "I feel like I'm thinking in slow motion."
- "I feel I'm not as good at my job."

Thoughts 'l'm a failure.' 'It's my fault.' 'Nothing good ever happens to me.' 'l'm worthless.' 'Life's not worth living.' 'People would be better off without me.'

MORE WOMEN THAN MEN

- Caring for or supporting others
- Relationship breakdown
- Violence or abuse
- Discrimination based on sexuality or gender identity
- Infertility and perinatal loss
- Pregnancy, having a baby and becoming a mother
- Menopause

WHAT CAUSES DEPRESSION?

- Biological factors
- Psychological factors
- Environmental factors
- Burying emotions
- Abuse or trauma
- Poverty
- Substance abuse
- http://depressionhurts.ca/en/about/

WHAT CAUSES DEPRESSION?

- Lifestyle
 - Food
 - Exercise /lack of
- Technology
 - Screens
 - News

PART TWO

TREATMENT OPTIONS

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Psychological Interventions

- CBT
- MBCT
- Behaviour therapy
- Interpersonal Therapy

Medical Interventions

• Anti-depressant medication

Complimentary and lifestyle Interventions

- Light therapy
- Bibliotherapy with a professional

Self Help

PART TREE

OVERCOMING DEPRESSION











PART FOUR

TOWARDS EMOTIONAL WELLBEING

• Watch your thoughts



UNDERSTANDING THOUGHTS, BEHAVIOURS AND FEELINGS

THOUGHTS

What we think affects how we feel and act

BEHAVIOUR

What we do affects how we think and feel

EMOTIONS

How we feel affects what we think and do

- Allow and label emotions
- Practice emo-diversity

• Practicing gratitude

• Service and volunteering

• Setting goals and achieving them

Meditation

GROUP

DISCUSSION

What are the main takeaways from today? What will you do differently?



Keep in touch!

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