ALI 353: 4th Lecture Human Suffering and Coping Strategies in the Light of the Qur'an

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Indeed ease accompanies hardship. Indeed ease accompanies hardship (Qur'an, 94:5)

When you are free from your obligations strive hard, and be devoted to your Lord's service (Qur'an, 94:7-8)

As for the one who gives (in charity) and fears Allah. And believes in the best. We will facilitate for him the way to extreme ease. But the one who is miser and deems himself self-sufficient and reject the best, we will facilitate for him the way to extreme distress (Surah Al-Lail)

He causes night to enter into day and day into night. He knows best what all hearts contain (Qur'an, 57:6)

وَ اسْتَعِينُوا بِالصَّبْرِ وَ الصَّلاةِ وَ إِنَّا لَكَبِيرَةٌ إِلاَّ عَلَى الْخَاشِعِين And take recourse in patience and prayer, and it is indeed hard except for the humble (Qur'an: 2:44)

وَ لَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَخْتَبِرُ عِبَادَهُ بِأَنْوَاعِ الشَّدَائِدِ وَ يَتَعَبَّدُهُمْ بِأَنْوَاعِ الْمَجَاهِدِ وَ يَبْتَلِيهِمْ بِضُرُوبِ الْمَكَارِهِ إِخْرَاجاً لِلتَّكَبُّرِ مِنْ قُلُوهِمْ وَ إِسْكَاناً لِلتَّذَلُّلِ فِي نُفُوسِهِمْ وَ بِضُرُوبِ الْمَكَارِهِ إِخْرَاجاً لِلتَّكَبُّرِ مِنْ قُلُوهِمْ وَ إِسْكَاناً لِلتَّذَلُّلِ فِي نُفُوسِهِمْ وَ لِيَخْرُوبِ الْمَكَارِهِ إِخْرَاجاً لِلتَّكَبُرِ مِنْ قُلُوهِمْ وَ إِسْكَاناً لِلتَّذَلُّلِ فِي نُفُوسِهِمْ وَ لِيَخْرَاجاً لِلتَّكَبُرِ مِنْ قُلُوهِمْ وَ إِسْكَاناً لِلتَّذَلُّلِ لِعَفْوهِ لِيَخْعَلَ ذَلِكَ أَبْوَاباً فُتُحاً إِلَى فَضْلِهِ وَ أَسْبَاباً ذُلُلًا لِعَفْوهِ

Allah tries His creatures by means of different troubles, wants them to render worship through hardships and involves them in distresses in order to extract out excessive pride from their heart and place humbleness in their spirits and to make all this to open the doors for His favors and means for His forgiveness

وَ مَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّن نَّبِي إِلَّا أَخَذْنَا أَهْلَهَا بِالْبَأْسَاءِ وَ الضَّرَّاءِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضَّرَّعُون

To every town that We sent a Prophet, We tested its inhabitants through distress and adversity so that perhaps they would submit themselves to Us (Qur'an, 7:94)

فَلَوْ لَا إِذْ جَاءَهُم بَأْسُنَا تَضرَّعُواْ وَ لَاكِن قَسَتْ قُلُوهُمْ وَ زَيَّنَ لَهُمُ اللَّيْطَنُ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُون

Why did they not submit themselves to God when Our torment struck them. Instead, their hearts were hardened and Satan made their evil deeds seem attractive to them

(Qur'an, 6:43)

فَلَمَّا نَسُواْ مَا ذُكِّرُواْ بِهِ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ أَبْوَابَ كُلِّ شَيَءٍ حَتَّ إِذَا فَرِحُواْ فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُواْ بِهِ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ أَبْوَابَ كُلِّ شَيءٍ حَتَّ إِذَا فَرِحُواْ فَرَحُواْ فَكُونُ عَلَيْهُمْ بَغْتَةً فَإِذَا هُم مُّبْلِسُون

When they forgot all the advice that they had received, We granted them all means of happiness but they were left in despair when We suddenly took Our bounties back from them

(Qur'an, 6:44)

فَأَمَّا الْإِنْسَانُ إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَاهُ رَبُّهُ فَأَكْرَمَهُ وَ نَعَّمَهُ فَيَقُولُ رَبِي أَكْرَمَنِ (16) وَ أَمَّا إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَهُ فَقَدَرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقَهُ فَيَقُولُ رَبِي أَهَانَنِ (16)

As for the human being, when his Lord tests him, honors him, and grants him bounty, he says," God has a honored me. However, when his Lord tests him by a measured amount of sustenance, he says," God has disgraced me

(Qur'an, 89:15-16)

وَ إِذَا أَنْعَمْنا عَلَى الْإِنْسانِ أَعْرَضَ وَ نَأَى بِجَانِبِهِ وَ إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ فَذُو دُو إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ فَذُو دُو إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ فَذُو دُو إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُ فَذُو دُو إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ فَذُو دُو إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُ فَذُو اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَ إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُ فَذُو اللهُ اللهُل

As for the human being, when his Lord tests him, honors him, and grants him bounty, he says," God has a honored me. However, when his Lord tests him by a measured amount of sustenance, he says," God has disgraced me

(Qur'an, 41:51)

وَ لَئِنْ أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ إِنَّهُ لَيَؤُسُّ كَفُور

And if We make man taste mercy from Us, then take it off from him, most surely he is despairing, ungrateful Qur'an, 9:11)

ماكانَ اللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَميزَ الْخَبيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِبِ الطَّيِب

God left the believers in their existing state for no other reason than to distinguish the evil-doers from the virtuous ones

(Qur'an, 3:179)

We had certainly tried those who lived before them to make sure who were truthful in their faith and who were liars

(Qur'an, 29:3)

Summary (1)

Suffering has to be separated from the hardships

Suffering is related to the way we perceive our adversities to reach ease and comfort

The more we are materialistic the more we suffer

The Qur'an teaches us to make our life meaningful and add Qur'anic principles to our resources to combat with the suffering and afflictions of our life

Summary (2)

Suffering has to be seen in the light of Trial of God

It necessitates us to think about the philosophies behind the Trial of God mentioned by the Qur'an and consider them in our hardships

It could be for our purification, showing our real face, our sins, or humbleness of our heart etc.

We need to avoid our complaining attitude and learn to accept our destiny and seek the pleasure of God

Summary (3)

One should not wait for the ease after adversities rather it is important to travel into the deeper levels of adversities to reach the ease and comfort

Remember that we cannot get rid of the hardships or our life but we can learn to handle our adversities and hardships.